Welcome to Ethereum

What is Ethereum?

Ethereum is a global, open source blockchain platform that offers a native cryptocurrency and – through smart contracts – a secure, publicly available computing platform. It can be used as the basis for exciting new types of decentralized business models and new paradigms for solving business problems. To understand its potential, businesses will want to be conversant in a number of technical and non-technical topics.

Background

Ethereum is the second-largest blockchain in the world, behind Bitcoin. Like Bitcoin, it has its own native cryptocurrency, ether, and can be used for financial transactions. Unlike Bitcoin, Ethereum aims to be a global, decentralized, censorship-resistant, publicly available, trustworthy, general-purpose computing platform. To this end it also offers smart contract functionality, allowing users to run their own decentralized applications (dApps) on the blockchain.

How does Ethereum work?

Ethereum is a blockchain, which is a type of distributed ledger technology. It combines a number of existing technologies, including distributed computing and various forms of cryptography, with its own innovations to allow large numbers of strangers to transact as well as agree on and permanently record data and applications.

While the technology is complex, basic concepts include the fact that no one owns Ethereum, anyone can use Ethereum and all transactions and computations are validated collectively through transparent, auditable, code-based consensus mechanisms.

When getting into the details, we recommend non-developers focus on understanding the following key topics: how the network is structured, how transactions are made and validated (known as consensus), what a blockchain is and why data on it is immutable, what smart contracts are, how network fees are calculated and what tokens and digital assets are.

QUICK TAKEAWAYS

Ethereum is a blockchain platform that offers its own cryptocurrency (ether) as well as decentralized applications through smart contracts.

It aims to be a global, decentralized, censorship-resistant, publicly available, trustworthy, general-purpose computing platform.

Ethereum offers new, decentralized computing and data paradigms for solving business problems, coordinating business processes and developing new business models.
What can businesses do with Ethereum?

Because it is decentralized, Ethereum offers many new decentralized computing and data paradigms for solving business problems, coordinating business processes among multiple parties and developing new business models. After learning about the technology, businesses will want to understand these models and use cases.

There are many opportunities to use Ethereum to improve efficiency, automate processes and improve governance in their existing business. Decentralized business approaches also offer opportunities for new types of collaboration, new ways to share and protect data, new types of digital assets and new types of open markets and marketplaces, among many other things.

What else do I need to know?

Ethereum is not just about the technology and use cases. Other topics businesses will want to explore include:

- **Sustainability.** Historically, the Ethereum blockchain has used a lot of electricity to ensure security, and it has caught some environmental flack as a result. However, with the platform’s recent move from Proof of Work (PoW) to Proof of Stake (PoS), known as The Merge, this is no longer the case. The Ethereum Foundation estimates that The Merge has lowered the network’s energy usage by a massive 99.95%, putting an end to Ethereum’s environmental sustainability challenges.

- **Regulation.** Regulation is the single most important non-technical factor affecting blockchain for business. But it is important to differentiate between cryptocurrency and blockchain-related regulation. While many governments are scrutinizing the use of cryptocurrencies, most jurisdictions understand and support the potential of blockchain-based digital assets and decentralized business models.

- **Decentralization.** In a decentralized business world, many basic assumptions about how business is conducted are turned on their head. Without intermediaries, processes can be more open, decisions more collective and users more empowered than many businesses are used to. Decentralization can also open new markets, and tokenization can make for new kinds of assets, but businesses need to be open to new mindsets.

- **Ecosystem.** Ethereum is not one thing but rather a vast and growing ecosystem, with different components provided by different individuals and organizations. Businesses will want to understand the different parts of the ecosystem, how they fit together, and how each is governed.

If the above seems like a lot, that is because it is! In our primer series, we will provide overviews and guides to all these topics and more.

### HOW DO I FIND OUT MORE?

**Read:** The EEA's Ethereum Business Readiness Report 2022

**Watch:** EEA Chairman John Whelan discuss Ethereum for Enterprises

**Peruse:** The EEA’s wide range of webinars on Ethereum related topics

**Join:** One of the EEA’s monthly education calls or other public events featuring Ethereum business leaders and luminaries

**Browse:** Ethereum 101 on Ethereum.org

**Explore:** Cointelegraph’s Ethereum Guide for Beginners

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**About the EEA**

The Enterprise Ethereum Alliance (EEA) enables organizations to adopt and use Ethereum technology in their daily business operations. The EEA empowers the Ethereum ecosystem to develop new business opportunities, drive industry adoption, and learn and collaborate.

To learn more about joining the EEA, reach out to james.harsh@entethalliance.org or visit https://entethalliance.org/become-a-member/.

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